

MMIC utiles F6CXO



Message de F1FRV
Utilisez des résistances au CARBONE

Modèle	Equivalent	Code	Couleur	G à 0,1	G à 0,5	Gain à 1	Gain à 2	Gain à 3	Gain à 4	Gain à 6	Gain à 8	Max P 1dB à 1 G	NOISE	I mA	Vd	Résistance d'alimentation					
																5V	6V	8V	9V	12V	
CGY50				10		10	10	10				+16	3	60	4,5	8,2	25	58	75	125	
ERA-1		E1					11,6	11,2			10,5	9,6	+13 @ 2GHz	7, @ 2 GHz	40	3,6	35	60	110	130	220
ERA-2		E2		16			14,9	13,9			11,8		+14 @ 2GHz	6 @ 2 GHz	40	3,6	35	60	110	130	220
ERA-3		E3		22,2			20,2	18,2					+11 @ 2GHz	4,5 @ 2 GHz	35	3,5	43	62	128	157	243
ERA-4		E4		13,8		14	13,9	13,9	13,4				+19,1	5,2 @ 2 GHz	65	5		15	47	62	109
ERA-5		E5		20,4		20	19	17,6	15,8				+19,6	4 @ 2 GHz	65	4,9		17	48	62	109
ERA-6		E6		11,1		11,1	11,3	11,5	11,3				+18,5	8,4 @ 2 GHz	70	5,5		7	21	50	93
INA 03184				25		25	25	22				-2	2,6	10	4		200	400	500	800	
INA 10386				26		26	23	20	15			+10	3,7	45	6			45	67	134	
MAR-1	MAV-1 MSA0185	A01	brun	18,5	17,5	15,5						+1,5 dBm	5,5	17	5		59	176	220	470	
MAR-2	MAV-2 MSA0285	A02	rouge	12,5	12,3	12	11					+4,5	6,5	25	5		40	120	150	270	
MAR-3	MAV-3 MSA0385	A03	orange	12,5	12,2	12	11,5					+10	6	35	5		28	85	120	200	
MAR-4	MAV-4 MSA0485	A04	jaune	8,3	8,2	8						+12,5	3	50	5,25		15	55	75	150	
MAR-6		A06	blanc	20		16	11					+2 @ 500 MHz	3 @ 500 MHz	16	3,5	94	156	282	344	532	
MAR-7		A07	violet	13,5		12,5	11					+5,5 @ 1 GHz	5 @ 2 GHz	22	4	46	91	182	227	367	
MAR-8	MSA0885	A08	bleu	32,5		22,5	17					+12,5 @ 1 GHz	3,3	36	7,8			5,6	33	117	
MAV-1	MSA 0104	1		18,5		15						+1,5	6	17	5		59	177	235	412	
MAV-3	MSA 0204	3		12,5		11						+10	6	35	5		29	86	115	200	
MAV-4	MSA 0404	4		8,3	0	7,7						+11,5	7	50	5,3		14	54	74	134	
MAV-11	MSA01104	A		12,7	12	10,5						+17	3,6	60	5,5		15	50	56	120	
MGA 86563				~12		21	22,5					-4	1,8	14	5		72	214	286	500	
MGA 86576								23				+6,4	2 @ 4 GHz	16	5		63	188	250	438	
MGA 87563				~11		14,6	12,5		10,3			-2	1,7	4,5	3	445	667	1111	1334	2000	

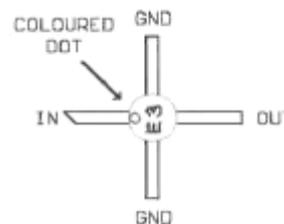
MINI-CIRCUITS / AVANTEK MONOLITHIC AMPLIFIERS (DC TO 8GHz)

MARKING IDENTIFICATION / EQUIVALENT

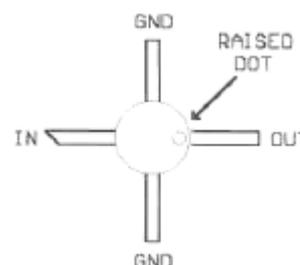
Model	Equivalent	Equivalent	Alphanumeric	Colour
Mini-circuits	MAR/MAV	Avantek	Dot	Equivalent
MAR-1	MAV-1	MSA0185	A01	Brown
MAR-2	MAV-2	MSA0285	A02	Red
MAR-3	MAV-3	MSA0385	A03	Orange
MAR-4	MAV-4	MSA0485	A04	Yellow
MAR-6		MSA0685	A06	White
MAR-7			A07	Violet
		MSA0735		
MAR-8		MSA0885	A08	Blue
		MSA0835		
MAV-1	MAR-1	MSA0104	1	-
MAV-2	MAR-2	MSA0204	2	-
MAV-3	MAR-3	MSA0304	3	-
MAV-4	MAR-4	MSA0404	4	-
		MSA0504	5	-
		MSA0604	6	-
		MSA0704	7	-
		MSA0804	8	-
MAV-11		MSA01104	A	-
ERA-1			E1	
ERA-2			E2	
ERA-3			E3	
ERA-4			E4	
ERA-5			E5	
ERA-6			E6	

COMPONENT PINOUT

MAR / ERA / -85 (85mil Plastic)



MAV / -04 (4-pac Plastic)



MINI-CIRCUITS AMPLIFIER GAIN / OUTPUT / NOISE FIGURE SELECTION

Model	Gain Typical dB at Freq GHz								Maximum Power Out 1dB Comp @ 1GHz	Noise Figure	IP3 dBm
	0.1	0.5	1	2	3	4	6	8			
MAR-1	18.5	17.5	15.5	-	-	-	-	-	+1.5dBm	5.5	+14.0
MAR-2	12.5	12.3	12.0	11.0	-	-	-	-	+4.5dBm	6.5	+17.0
MAR-3	12.5	12.2	12.0	11.5	-	-	-	-	+10.0dBm	6.0	+23.0
MAR-4	8.3	8.2	8.0	-	-	-	-	-	+12.5dBm	6.5	+25.5
MAR-6	20.0	18.5	16.0	11.0	-	-	-	-	+2.0dBm	3.0	+14.5
MAR-7	13.5	13.1	12.5	11.0	-	-	-	-	+5.5dBm	5.0	+19.0
MAR-8	32.5	28.0	22.5	-	-	-	-	-	+12.5dBm	3.3	+27.0
MAV-11	12.7	12.0	10.5	-	-	-	-	-	+17.5dBm	3.6	+30.0
ERA-1	-	-	-	11.6	11.2	-	10.5	9.6	+13dBm (2GHz)	7.0	+26.0
ERA-2	16.0	-	-	14.9	13.9	-	11.8	-	+14dBm (2GHz)	6.0	+27.0
ERA-3	22.2	-	-	20.2	18.2	-	-	-	+11dBm (2GHz)	4.5	+23.0
ERA-4	13.8	-	14.0	13.9	13.9	13.4	-	-	+19.1dBm	5.2	+36.0
ERA-5	20.4	-	20.0	19.0	17.6	15.8	-	-	+19.6dBm	4.0	+36.0
ERA-6	11.1	-	11.1	11.3	11.5	11.3	-	-	+18.5dBm	8.4	+36.5

Max Power Out (1dB comp) = The point where the amplifier starts to compress the signal & becomes nonlinear

IP3 dBm = Third Order Intercept Point

Dynamic Range = The power range over which an amplifier provides linear operation, with the Lower limit dependant on the Noise Figure & the upper limit a function of the 1dB compression point

MAR-8 Potentially Unstable, Use ERA-3

SUGGESTED APPLICATIONS

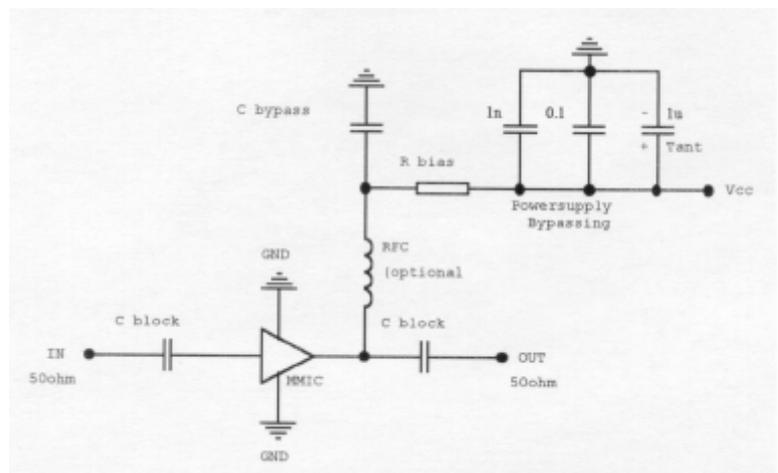
Application	Model
High Freq Gain	ERA1 Usable to 10GHz
Low Noise Amp	MAR6 / MAR8 / MAV11
Medium Noise	ERA3 / ERA5
High Dynamic range	MAV11
Stable High Gain	MAR1 / ERA3
Medium Output	MAV11 / MAR3 / MAR4
High Output	MAV11 / ERA4 / 5
Multiplier	ERA3 Clean Harmonics

BIAS CONFIGURATION

SUGGESTED RESISTOR BIAS VALUES

Model	ImA	Vd	+5Vcc	+9Vcc	+12Vcc	+13.8Vcc	P / Watts Resistor (+12Vcc)
MAR-1	17	5.00	-	220ohm	470ohm	560ohm	0.119W
MAR-2	25	5.00	-	150ohm	270ohm	390ohm	0.175W
MAR-3	35	5.00	-	120ohm	200ohm	270ohm	0.245W
MAR-4	50	5.25	-	75ohm	150ohm	180ohm	0.338W
MAR-6	16	3.50	100ohm	390ohm	560ohm	680ohm	0.136W
MAR-7	22	4.00	47ohm	220ohm	390ohm	470ohm	0.176W
MAR-8	36	7.80	-	33ohm	120ohm	180ohm	0.151W
MAV-11	60	5.50	-	56ohm	120ohm	150ohm	0.390W
ERA-1	40	3.60	35ohm	130ohm	220ohm	255ohm	0.336W
ERA-2	40	3.60	35ohm	130ohm	220ohm	255ohm	0.336W
ERA-3	35	3.50	43ohm	157ohm	243ohm	300ohm	0.298W
ERA-4	65	5.00	-	62ohm	109ohm	130ohm	0.462W
ERA-5	65	4.90	-	62ohm	109ohm	130ohm	0.462W
ERA-6	70	5.50	-	50ohm	93ohm	136ohm	0.455W

TYPICAL BIASING CONFIGURATION



$$R \text{ bias} = \frac{V_{cc} - V_d}{I \text{ bias}}$$

Vcc = The supply Voltage

Vd = The Device Voltage

I bias = The Bias Current In mA (ImA)

$$P \text{ Watts} = V \times I$$

P Watts = Power Rating Of R bias

V = Volts across R bias

I = Current Through R bias

C block: Determines the low frequency cut off of the amplifier circuit. The Capacitors value is chosen to suit the frequency that the amplifier circuit is going to be used for.

100MHz (1nF)

400MHz (100pF)

1.2GHz (10pF)

2.5GHz (5pF)

10GHz (1 - 2pF)

RFC (Optional): Is used to isolate the bias resistor so that it does not appear in parallel with the output load of the amplifier, degrading the output match of the amplifier. The impedance of the choke at the lowest frequency of operation of the amplifier plus the value of the bias resistor should be at least 500ohms

100MHz (10uH)

400MHz (3 turns 0.315mm TCW on a FX1112 ferrite bead)

1.2GHz (6 turns 0.315mm ECW 3mm dia closewound airspaced)

> 2GHz (printed 1/4wave lines on PC board)

C bypass: A Capacitor should be used in conjunction with the RFC to present a low impedance path to ground for any signal that manages to get past the RFC. The Capacitor should be connected at the junction of the R bias resistor & the RFC to ground.

100MHz (1nF)

400MHz (100pF)

1.2GHz (10pF)

> 2.5GHz (printed on the PC board)

Powersupply Bypassing: Suitable Capacitors should be used on the Vcc rail to effectively bypass low & high frequencies.

Suggested Values

1uF Tantalum

0.1uF

1nF (Use all in parallel)

MSA = Monolithic Silicon Amp

MMIC= Monolithic Microwave

Integrated Circuit